Keysight Technologies
Impedance Analyzers and Vector Network Analyzers
Optimizing Connections Using USB and LAN Interfaces

Application Note
Introduction

Since the Keysight E4990A and E4991B impedance analyzers were released, all Keysight impedance analyzers, the E4982A LCR meter and benchtop vector network analyzers now have Universal Serial Bus (USB) and Local Area Network (LAN) interfaces (Figure 1). Whether you’re setting up an ad hoc system on a lab bench or designing a permanent solution for a manufacturing line, General Purpose Interface Bus (GPIB), LAN, and USB are the most popular interfaces for connecting measurement instruments to PCs.

Although GPIB has been the standard interface for connecting test instruments to PCs and for providing programmable instrument control for decades, no major enhancements have been done since the 1990s. On the other hand, USB and LAN are computer-industry standard I/O technologies, and most of PCs offer built-in USB and LAN interfaces. The USB and LAN standards have been continuously enhanced and the performances have improved rapidly in response to the growing needs for high-speed digital applications (Figure 2). This application note describes the benefits of using modern USB and LAN interfaces compared to GPIB.

**Impedance Analyzers**

- E4990A (20 Hz to 120 MHz)
- E4991B (1 MHz to 3 GHz)
- E4982A LCR Meter (1 MHz to 3 GHz)

**Vector Network Analyzers**

- PNA Family (300 kHz to 1.1 THZ)
- ENA Series (5 Hz to 20 GHz) E5061B/63A, E5071C/72A, E5080A

Figure 1. Keysight benchtop impedance analyzers and vector network analyzers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>GPIB</strong></th>
<th><strong>IEEE 488</strong> (488.1)</th>
<th><strong>IEEE 488.2</strong> SCPI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LAN / LXI</strong></td>
<td>Ethernet 10 Mb/s</td>
<td>Ethernet 100 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **USB** | **USB 1.0** (12 Mb/s) | **USB 2.0** (480 Mb/s) | **USB 3.0** | **USB 3.1** (10 Gb/s) |

Figure 2. Enhancement history
Comparing I/O Options

GPIB

GPIB, formerly called HP-IB and also known as the IEEE-488 bus, is the traditional interface on test and measurement instruments. GPIB is easy to connect, provides excellent electrical and mechanical reliability, and it has been the clear choice for most test automation needs for more than 40 years. The biggest drawbacks to GPIB are the size and cost of the connectors and cables, as well as the need to install an interface card in your PC, since GPIB is not a standard PC interface. The 1 Mbyte/s (8 Mbit/s) maximum data transfer rate is also becoming a bottleneck against high-speed manufacturing test needs with large size data transfers. GPIB supports up to 14 devices that can be connected to your PC. Cable length is limited to 2 meters (times the number of devices) up to a maximum length of 20 meters. When you use GPIB, each instrument on the bus needs to have a unique address from 0 to 30. You may have to manually change an instrument’s address when you configure your system.

USB

USB is widely available on PCs, and its low cost and simplicity make it a great choice when you need to create a test solution quickly. Keysight and other test equipment vendors co-developed the industry-standard USB Test and Measurement Class (USBTMC) and USB488 I/O protocols. These protocols, along with Keysight’s IO Libraries Suite, allow you to easily switch from GPIB to USB connections by changing the instrument VISA address to that of the USB interface. All Keysight benchtop vector network analyzers and impedance analyzers provide a USBTMC port (USB Type B plug). Users can easily connect a control PC and measurement instruments directly using USB cables or via a USB hub (Figure 3). This short time-to-measurement aspect of USB is particularly attractive in engineering labs and other environments where instruments are frequently moved, shared, and reconfigured. USB is capable of data transfer rates of up to 480 Mbit/s with USB 2.0 high-speed mode. You can connect up to 127 devices with a USB interface. USB instruments have unique instrument addresses that are given based on the manufacturer, the instrument serial number, and the product ID number. Unlike the remote control using a LAN interface, users can enjoy high-speed remote control without connecting the test instrument to the network.

Figure 3. USB cable connection
LAN

LAN is also an attractive alternative to GPIB. LAN technology combines openness, low cost, high speed, and dependable mechanical characteristics. The locking mechanism of LAN connectors provides a more secure system connection than USB. The LAN eXtensions for Instrumentation (LXI) standard, based on proven standards to test and measurement such as VXI-11 and IVI drivers, provides ease-of-use and flexibility for measurement instrument connections such as web browser-based connections and wireless LAN connections. You can easily switch from GPIB to LAN connections by changing the instrument’s VISA address to that of the LAN interface. LAN is capable of data transfer rates of up to 100 Mbit/s with 100Base-T Ethernet and up to 1 Gbit/s with 1000Base-T Ethernet. There is no limit to the number of instruments that can be included in a LAN-based system. The biggest disadvantage of using LAN interfaces is it typically requires more network knowledge and configuration effort compared to USB and GPIB interfaces.

Table 1. Advantages and disadvantages of GPIB, USB, and LAN interfaces

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interface</th>
<th>Advantages</th>
<th>Disadvantages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GPIB</td>
<td>– Common interface for test and measurement instruments</td>
<td>– Need to install an interface card in your PC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Relatively expensive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Limited cable lengths permitted between PC and instruments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB</td>
<td>– Quick, easy setup using an embedded serial number</td>
<td>– No locking mechanism in the connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Low cost</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Good data-throughput performance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN</td>
<td>– Good data-throughput performance</td>
<td>– Requires LAN knowledge to set up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Low cost</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Remote access makes it easy to control system from remote location</td>
<td></td>
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Hardware cost comparison

Table 2 shows the typical costs comparison when you connect a single measurement instrument to your PC. Because you need a GPIB PCI card for using GPIB interface, the hardware cost is much expensive than USB and LAN interfaces. The typical initial cost ($US) for GPIB interface is more than 50 times higher than USB and LAN.

Table 2. Typical costs for GPIB, USB and LAN interfaces

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interface</th>
<th>Single Instrument</th>
<th>Cost (US)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GPIB</td>
<td>PCI card + cable</td>
<td>$600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB</td>
<td>Cable</td>
<td>$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN</td>
<td>Cable</td>
<td>$10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Speed comparison

Individual I/O bus specifications for data transfer rates usually give only the theoretical maximum transfer rate. The actual data transfer rate depends on a number of factors. These factors include PC microprocessor speed, PC software and driver overhead, I/O card hardware, and instrument-specific hardware and firmware. In general, there is no appreciable difference in bus speed when you send a simple SCPI command, but you can see a remarkable improvement with the higher performance buses (USB and LAN) in the time required to transfer large amounts of data. Figure 4 shows the transfer time comparison when you query 1601 points S-parameter trace data against the E5061B ENA series vector network analyzer. The transfer time via USB and LAN interfaces is more than 10 times faster than GPIB interface.

Remember that the improvement factor of how much the total test speed will be improved depends on your test system. GPIB might be better than the other interfaces in some cases such as it queries only a few values per test cycle. You need to execute a benchmark test against your system for clarifying the speed improvement. Keysight can help you run a benchmark test.

Figure 4. Data transfer time for a large amount of data (1601 points) acquisition using the E5061B vector network analyzer
Communicating with USB or LAN Connected Devices

If you’re using the Keysight IO Libraries Suite with SCPI commands, you can easily change the I/O interface from GPIB to USB or LAN by changing the VISA address when you open the instrument I/O in your test program.

Here is the code sample for getting the product information. The GPIB address for this measurement instrument is 17. Figure 5 shows an example of USB interface’s VISA addresses. In this case, just modify the rm.Open() function to inst.IO = rm.Open("USB0::0x2A8D::0x0001::MY55100054::0::INSTR"), then you can control the instrument via USB interface. You can use the copy and paste function to modify the address.

Visual Basic code example

Dim rm As New Ivi.Visa.Interop.ResourceManager
Dim inst As New Ivi.Visa.Interop.FormattedIO488
inst.IO = rm.Open("GPIB0::17::INSTR")
inst.WriteString("*IDN?")
Dim str As String = inst.ReadString()
inst.IO.Close()

Figure 5. USB VISA address format example

Figure 6 shows an example of the LAN interface’s VISA addresses. In this case, modify the rm.Open() function to inst.IO = rm.Open("TCPIP0::169.254.248.195::inst0::INSTR"), then you can control the measurement instrument via the LAN interface.

Figure 6 shows an example of the LAN interface’s VISA addresses.
Useful Software Tools

Keysight Command Expert

Keysight Command Expert is a software tool that enables you to find instrument commands and build automated tests faster regardless of connected interfaces. It helps you build and debug instrument command sequences, and integrate sequences into the Visual Studio, Excel, LabVIEW, MATLAB, and Keysight VEE. The Command Expert supports impedance analyzers and vector network analyzers. This software can be downloaded for no-cost from www.keysight.com/find/commandexpert.

Figure 7. Keysight Command Expert

Keysight BenchVue Network Analyzer Control and Automation App BV0012B

Control. Automate. Simplify.

Keysight BenchVue software for the PC eliminates the many of the issues around bench testing. By making it simple to connect, control instruments, and automate test sequences you can quickly move past the test development phase and access results faster than ever before with just a few clicks. The Network Analyzer App within BenchVue enables control of network analyzers to quickly capture and annotate screen images, get measurements and log screen and trace data. Capture multiple channel traces in one click. Quickly automate network analyzer setups, measurements, and screen captures into test sequences using the included Test Flow capabilities. Control, Automate, Simplify with BenchVue. this software can be downloaded from www.keysight.com/find/BenchVue.

Figure 8. BenchVue: PC control, capture screen images or trace data, and build automated tests in minutes
Conclusion

As USB and LAN are widely available as industry standard I/O interfaces on PCs, they are becoming the popular interfaces for connecting measurement instruments to PCs. Comparing costs, data transfer rates and ease of implementation will help you choose the interface most appropriate for your application.

For R&D applications, where the number of instruments in a system is usually small and a quick and easy interface setup is desired, USB is usually the best choice. For manufacturing, LAN is usually the best choice. LAN is typically the better of the two alternatives for larger systems because of its network flexibility, and a more secure system connection with the locking mechanism connector.

Related Keysight Literature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Publication Title</th>
<th>Publication Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test-System Development Guide: Computer I/O Considerations (AN 1465-2)</td>
<td>5988-9818EN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Developer Guide: Using USB in the Test and Measurement Environment (AN 1465-12)</td>
<td>5989-1417EN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vector Network Analyzer Selection Guide</td>
<td>5989-7603EN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCR Meters, Impedance Analyzers and Test Fixtures Selection Guide</td>
<td>5952-1430E</td>
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</table>

Web Resources

Keysight Vector Network Analyzers                                 www.keysigh.com/find/na
Keysight Impedance Analyzers and LCR Meters                       www.keysigh.com/find/imedance
Keysight BenchVue Software                                        www.keysigh.com/find/benchvue
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