

**Agilent E9521A  
ARM7/9/11 ETM  
Decoder**

**Design Guide**



**Agilent Technologies**

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## 1 Introduction

In This Guide...	5
Product Overview	5
Target System Requirements	6
Supported processor	6
Object files	6
Supported compilers	6
Headers	6
Equipment Required	7
Logic analysis system	7
Logic analyzer cards	7
Table 1. Logic analyzer channels required	7
Probes	7

## 2 Designing Your Board

Overview of the Connectors	9
Designing the Headers	10
AMP MICTOR 38 connectors	10
Connectors for ARM11	11
J1: ARM11 ETM Signals for Agilent Logic Analysis and ARM RealView Trace	11
J2: ARM11 upper ETM signals for logic analysis	12
Connectors for ARM7/9	14
Normal trace port connector	14
Table 2. Required signals (normal connector)	15
Multiplexed trace port connector	16
Table 3. Required signals (multiplexed connector)	16
Demultiplexed trace port connector (Port size = 4)	17
Table 4. Demultiplexed connectors	18
Sharing the Connector Between Multiple Tools	20

Option 1: Chained connectors	21
Option 2: Independent connectors	22
Option 3: Splitter board	23

## **Index**



# 1 Introduction

## In This Guide...

This *Design Guide* provides information to assist you in designing a board which will be compatible with the Agilent E9521A ARM7/9/11 ETM Decoder. It tells you what signals are required by the decoder, and suggests how to route these signals to a header.

For information on using the decoder, see the online help which is installed with the decoder.

## Product Overview

The ARM7/9/11 ETM Decoder, used with an Agilent Technologies logic analyzer, allows you to view instructions and messages that are executing in your target system.

The decoder can decode 8-, 16-, and 32-bit wide data. It disassembles ARM and Thumb instructions, but not Jazel instructions.



# Target System Requirements

The decoder has been designed to work with target systems meeting the following requirements:

## Supported processor

- ARM7 processor with ETM v1.1 – v1.2
- ARM9 processor with ETM v1.0 – v1.3
- ARM11 processor with ETM v3.1

## Object files

- You must have access to the object files for the code which is executing on your target system.

## Supported compilers

- ARM RealView Developer's Suite 2.1, or a compiler which generates object files with an equivalent ELF object file format.

## Headers

- You must provide MICTOR headers, as described in this guide, to connect the logic analyzer probes to the signals on your target system.

## Equipment Required

### Logic analysis system

You need an Agilent 16900-series or 1680/90-series logic analyzer.

### Logic analyzer cards

The logic analyzer card(s) you use must support the speed of the bus you are probing.

The logic analyzer card(s) must provide enough channels to probe the headers on your target system.

**Table 1** Logic analyzer channels required

Probing scheme	Number of channels
ETM-8 or ETM-16, 1 MICTOR connector	32
ETM-32, 2 MICTOR connectors	48

### Probes

You need an appropriate number of logic analyzer probes (“adapter cables”) to connect the logic analyzer cables to the headers on your target system. The probe must match the type of connector you have placed on your board. Agilent recommends a MICTOR connector and an Agilent E5346A or E5380A probe.

## 1 Introduction





## 2

# Designing Your Board

This chapter describes the factors you need to consider when designing and preparing your target system for logic analysis.

### Overview of the Connectors

You must provide one or two AMP MICTOR 38 connectors with the signal mappings shown in the following sections. Use connector J1 if you have 8 bits or 16 bits of TRACEDATA. Use connectors J1 and J2 if you have 32 bits of TRACEDATA.

You may also need to provide a 2x10 berg connector for JTAG-only signals. See [“Sharing the Connector Between Multiple Tools”](#) on page 20 for more information on this connector.



# Designing the Headers

## AMP MICTOR 38 connectors

The signal-to-connector mappings shown in this chapter assume you are using AMP MICTOR 38 connectors.

Each MICTOR 38 connector carries 32 signals plus two clocks (CLK1 for two logic analyzer pods). Probes (part number E5346A, sometimes called “high-density termination cables”) are required to connect the logic analyzer cables to the MICTOR connector. These probes contain the required termination. One probe is required for every two logic analyzer pods.

To increase the structural support for the probes, you should use support shrouds on each connector.

For more information, including mechanical dimensions, see the *Agilent Technologies E5346A 38-Pin Probe and E5351A 38-Pin Adapter Cable Installation Note*, available from [www.agilent.com](http://www.agilent.com).

### Design Considerations

The connector must be close enough to the signal source so that the stub length created is less than  $\frac{1}{5}$  the  $t_r$  (bus risetime). For PC board material, ( $\epsilon_r = 4.9$ ) and  $Z_0$  in the range of 50 - 80 $\Omega$ , use a propagation delay of 160 ps/inch of stub.

Each probed signal line must be able to supply a minimum of 600 mV to the probe tip and handle a minimum of 90 k $\Omega$  shunted by 10 pF. The maximum input voltage to the logic analyzer is  $\pm 40$ V peak

## Connectors for ARM11

### J1: ARM11 ETM Signals for Agilent Logic Analysis and ARM RealView Trace

J1 is designed to be used either with an Agilent logic analyzer *or* with ARM's RealView Trace. When J1 is used with the logic analyzer, the JTAG (run control) signals (shaded in blue) must be routed to a separate JTAG-only connector ([page 20](#)) so they are accessible to a JTAG controller such as ARM RealView ICE.

*The signals shaded in blue are used by RealView Trace, but are not used by the logic analyzer.*

Analyzer Pod	ETM Signal	Mictor pin # (top view)		ETM Signal	Analyzer Pod
5V	NC	1	2	NC	I2C
5V	NC	3	4	NC	I2C
CLK even	GND	5	6	TRACECLK	CLK odd
D15 even	DBGRRQ	7	8	MRDY or DBGACK	D15 odd
D14 even	nSRST	9	10	EXTTRIG	D14 odd
D13 even	TDO	11	12	VTRef	D13 odd
D12 even	RTCLK	13	14	Vsupply	D12 odd
D11 even	TCK	15	16	TRACEDATA 7	D11 odd
D10 even	TMS	17	18	TRACEDATA 6	D10 odd
D9 even	TDI	19	20	TRACEDATA 5	D9 odd
D8 even	nTRST	21	22	TRACEDATA 4	D8 odd
D7 even	TRACEDATA 15	23	24	TRACEDATA 3	D7 odd
D6 even	TRACEDATA 14	25	26	TRACEDATA 2	D6 odd
D5 even	TRACEDATA 13	27	28	TRACEDATA 1	D5 odd
D4 even	TRACEDATA 12	29	30	GND or EXTOUT1	D4 odd
D3 even	TRACEDATA 11	31	32	GND or EXTOUT0	D3 odd
D2 even	TRACEDATA 10	33	34	VDD	D2 odd
D1 even	TRACEDATA 9	35	36	TRACECTL	D1 odd
D0 even	TRACEDATA 8	37	38	TRACEDATA 0	D0 odd

## J2: ARM11 upper ETM signals for logic analysis

This header is required only if the ETM core is set up to collect 32 bits of TRACEDATA.

Analyzer Pod	ETM Signal	Mictor pin # (top view)		ETM Signal	Analyzer Pod
5V	NC	1	2	NC	I2C
5V	NC	3	4	NC	I2C
CLK even	NC	5	6	NC	CLK odd
D15 even	NC	7	8	TRACEDATA 31	D15 odd
D14 even	NC	9	10	TRACEDATA 30	D14 odd
D13 even	NC	11	12	TRACEDATA 29	D13 odd
D12 even	NC	13	14	TRACEDATA 28	D12 odd
D11 even	NC	15	16	TRACEDATA 27	D11 odd
D10 even	NC	17	18	TRACEDATA 26	D10 odd
D9 even	NC	19	20	TRACEDATA 25	D9 odd
D8 even	NC	21	22	TRACEDATA 24	D8 odd
D7 even	NC	23	24	TRACEDATA 23	D7 odd
D6 even	NC	25	26	TRACEDATA 22	D6 odd
D5 even	NC	27	28	TRACEDATA 21	D5 odd
D4 even	NC	29	30	TRACEDATA 20	D4 odd
D3 even	NC	31	32	TRACEDATA 19	D3 odd
D2 even	NC	33	34	TRACEDATA 18	D2 odd
D1 even	NC	35	36	TRACEDATA 17	D1 odd
D0 even	NC	37	38	TRACEDATA 16	D0 odd

### Bus and signal descriptions

- TRACEDATA** Required. Data lines. This bus may be 8, 16, or 32 bits wide.
- TRACECTL** Required. 1 bit wide.
- TRACECLK** Required. 1 bit wide.
- EXTOUT0**  
**EXTOUT1** Optional. One of these signals is required when the decoder is in time-accurate mode. Time-accurate mode is a special mode that shifts decoded information from one state in the trace to an

earlier state in the trace. The purpose of this shifting is to show ARM11 instructions at the precise point in time when they were executed by the ARM11 processor, rather than the point in time when the associated ETM packet exited the ETM FIFO.

Time-accurate mode is only useful if you want the logic analyzer to time correlate ARM11 instruction execution with trace data captured in a separate time domain on a separate logic analyzer card.

If you expect to use time-accurate mode, then EXTOUT0 or EXTOUT1 must be present, and must be driven high when the ETM detects a trigger. The recommended design is to use jumpers or zero-ohm resistors to allow the pins to be connected to GND or EXTOUT.

**NC** NC. Pins 1, 2, 3, and 4 must be true no-connects. Other NC signals can be left floating (no connects), or used to measure other signals of interest.

**Other signals** Optional. **The decoder ignores the signals shaded in blue.** These signals are routed to the connector to allow the connector to be used by RealView Trace. See the ARM *RealView ICE User's Guide* for detailed information on the requirements for these signals.

These signals must be routed to a second, JTAG-only header so that they are accessible to a JTAG controller such as ARM's RealView ICE. See "[Sharing the Connector Between Multiple Tools](#)" on page 20 for a description of the second connector.

In addition, special consideration must be given to these signals so that the logic analyzer does not load them, such that they cannot be controlled by the JTAG controller. Use a 10 k $\Omega$  pullup resistor to avoid such loading. See the *Agilent Technologies E5346A 38-Pin Probe and E5351A 38-Pin Adapter Cable Installation Note* for information on how the probe loads the signals.

## Connectors for ARM7/9

These connectors are designed to be used either with an Agilent logic analyzer *or* with ARM's RealView Trace. When used with the logic analyzer, the JTAG (run control) signals (shaded in blue) must be routed to a separate JTAG-only connector (page 20) so they are accessible to a JTAG controller such as ARM RealView ICE.

*The signals shaded in blue are used by RealView Trace, but are not used by the logic analyzer.*

### Normal trace port connector

Analyzer Pod	ETM Signal	Mictor pin # (top view)		ETM Signal	Analyzer Pod
5V	NC	1	2	NC	I2C
5V	NC	3	4	NC	I2C
CLK even	GND	5	6	TRACECLK	CLK odd
D15 even	DBGRQ	7	8	MRDY or DBGACK	D15 odd
D14 even	nSRST	9	10	EXTTRIG	D14 odd
D13 even	TDO	11	12	VTRef	D13 odd
D12 even	RTCLK	13	14	Vsupply	D12 odd
D11 even	TCK	15	16	TRACEPKT 7	D11 odd
D10 even	TMS	17	18	TRACEPKT 6	D10 odd
D9 even	TDI	19	20	TRACEPKT 5	D9 odd
D8 even	nTRST	21	22	TRACEPKT 4	D8 odd
D7 even	TRACEPKT 15	23	24	TRACEPKT 3	D7 odd
D6 even	TRACEPKT 14	25	26	TRACEPKT 2	D6 odd
D5 even	TRACEPKT 13	27	28	TRACEPKT 1	D5 odd
D4 even	TRACEPKT 12	29	30	TRACEPKT 0	D4 odd
D3 even	TRACEPKT 11	31	32	TRACESYNC	D3 odd
D2 even	TRACEPKT 10	33	34	PIPESTAT 2	D2 odd
D1 even	TRACEPKT 9	35	36	PIPESTAT 1	D1 odd
D0 even	TRACEPKT 8	37	38	PIPESTAT 0	D0 odd

**Table 2** Required signals (normal connector)

Port size	MICTOR pins required
4	6, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24
8	6, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24, 22, 20, 18, 16
16	6, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24, 22, 20, 18, 16, 37, 35, 33, 31, 29, 27, 25, 23

**Bus and signal descriptions**

<b>TRACEPKT</b>	Data lines. This bus may be 4, 8, or 16 bits wide.
<b>TRACESYNC</b>	Trace synchronization signal. 1 bit wide.
<b>PIPESTAT</b>	Pipeline status. 3 bits wide.
<b>NC</b>	Pins 1, 2, 3, and 4 must be true no-connects. Other NC signals can be left floating (no connects), or used to measure other signals of interest.
<b>Other signals</b>	Optional. <b>The decoder ignores the signals shaded in blue.</b> These signals are routed to the connector to allow the connector to be used by RealView Trace. See the ARM <i>RealView ICE User's Guide</i> for detailed information on the requirements for these signals.

These signals must be routed to a second, JTAG-only header so that they are accessible to a JTAG controller such as ARM's RealView ICE. See "[Sharing the Connector Between Multiple Tools](#)" on page 20 for a description of the second connector.

In addition, special consideration must be given to these signals so that the logic analyzer does not load them, such that they cannot be controlled by the JTAG controller. Use a 10 k $\Omega$  pullup resistor to avoid such loading. See the *Agilent Technologies E5346A 38-Pin Probe and E5351A 38-Pin Adapter Cable Installation Note* for information on how the probe loads the signals.

## Multiplexed trace port connector

Analyzer Pod	ETM Signal	Mictor pin # (top view)		ETM Signal	Analyzer Pod
		1	2		
5V	NC	1	2	NC	I2C
5V	NC	3	4	NC	I2C
CLK even	GND	5	6	TRACECLK	CLK odd
D15 even	DBGRO	7	8	MRDY or DBGACK	D15 odd
D14 even	nSRST	9	10	EXTTRIG	D14 odd
D13 even	TDO	11	12	VTRef	D13 odd
D12 even	RTCLK	13	14	Vsupply	D12 odd
D11 even	TCK	15	16	NC	D11 odd
D10 even	TMS	17	18	NC	D10 odd
D9 even	TDI	19	20	TRACEPKT 14, TRACEPKT 15	D9 odd
D8 even	nTRST	21	22	TRACEPKT 12, TRACEPKT 13	D8 odd
D7 even	NC	23	24	TRACEPKT 10, TRACEPKT 11	D7 odd
D6 even	NC	25	26	TRACEPKT 8, TRACEPKT 9	D6 odd
D5 even	NC	27	28	TRACEPKT 6, TRACEPKT 7	D5 odd
D4 even	NC	29	30	TRACEPKT 4, TRACEPKT 5	D4 odd
D3 even	NC	31	32	TRACEPKT 0, TRACEPKT 3	D3 odd
D2 even	NC	33	34	PIPESTAT 2, TRACEPKT 2	D2 odd
D1 even	NC	35	36	PIPESTAT 1, TRACEPKT 1	D1 odd
D0 even	NC	37	38	PIPESTAT 0, TRACESYNC	D0 odd

**Table 3** Required signals (multiplexed connector)

Port size	MICTOR pins required
4	6, 38, 36, 34, 32
8	6, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28
16	6, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24, 22, 20

See for [page 15](#) for descriptions of the signals.



## Demultiplexed trace port connector (Port size = 4)

Analyzer Pod	ETM Signal	Mictor pin # (top view)		ETM Signal	Analyzer Pod
5V	NC	1	2	NC	I2C
5V	NC	3	4	NC	I2C
CLK even	GND	5	6	TRACECLK	CLK odd
D15 even	DBGRO	7	8	MRDY or DBGACK	D15 odd
D14 even	nSRST	9	10	EXTTRIG	D14 odd
D13 even	TDO	11	12	VTRef	D13 odd
D12 even	RTCLK	13	14	Vsupply	D12 odd
D11 even	TCK	15	16	NC	D11 odd
D10 even	TMS	17	18	NC	D10 odd
D9 even	TDI	19	20	NC	D9 odd
D8 even	nTRST	21	22	NC	D8 odd
D7 even	TRACEPKT_B3	23	24	TRACEPKT_A3	D7 odd
D6 even	TRACEPKT_B2	25	26	TRACEPKT_A2	D6 odd
D5 even	TRACEPKT_B1	27	28	TRACEPKT_A1	D5 odd
D4 even	TRACEPKT_B0	29	30	TRACEPKT_A0	D4 odd
D3 even	TRACESYNC_B	31	32	TRACESYNC_A	D3 odd
D2 even	PIPESTAT_B2	33	34	PIPESTAT_A2	D2 odd
D1 even	PIPESTAT_B1	35	36	PIPESTAT_A1	D1 odd
D0 even	PIPESTAT_B0	37	38	PIPESTAT_A0	D0 odd

**Table 4** Demultiplexed connectors

Port size	Use these connectors
4	Use the connector shown here.
8	Use two "Normal" 8-bit connectors but only one TRACECLK.
16	Use two "Normal" 16-bit connectors but only one TRACECLK.

### Bus and signal descriptions

<b>TRACEPKT_A</b>	Data lines for Port A. This bus may be 4, 8, or 16 bits wide.
<b>TRACESYNC_A</b>	Trace synchronization signal for Port A. 1 bit wide.
<b>PIPESTAT_A</b>	Pipeline status for Port A. 3 bits wide. See PIPESTAT Symbols for more information.
<b>TRACEPKT_B</b>	Data lines for Port B. This bus may be 4, 8, or 16 bits wide.
<b>TRACESYNC_B</b>	Trace synchronization signal for Port B. 1 bit wide.
<b>PIPESTAT_B</b>	Pipeline status for Port B. 3 bits wide. See PIPESTAT Symbols for more information.
<b>NC</b>	Pins 1, 2, 3, and 4 must be true no-connects. Other NC signals can be left floating (no connects), or used to measure other signals of interest.

**Other signals** Optional. **The decoder ignores the signals shaded in blue.** These signals are routed to the connector to allow the connector to be used by RealView Trace. See the ARM *RealView ICE User's Guide* for detailed information on the requirements for these signals.

These signals must be routed to a second, JTAG-only header so that they are accessible to a JTAG controller such as ARM's RealView ICE. See "[Sharing the Connector Between Multiple Tools](#)" on page 20 for a description of the second connector.

In addition, special consideration must be given to these signals so that the logic analyzer does not load them, such that they cannot be controlled by the JTAG controller. Use a 10 k $\Omega$  pullup resistor to avoid such loading. See the *Agilent Technologies*

*E5346A 38-Pin Probe and E5351A 38-Pin Adapter Cable  
Installation Note* for information on how the probe loads the signals.

### Sharing the Connector Between Multiple Tools

The standard header defined in this document is designed to be used with RealView Trace (JTAG run-control and trace) or a logic analyzer (trace only).

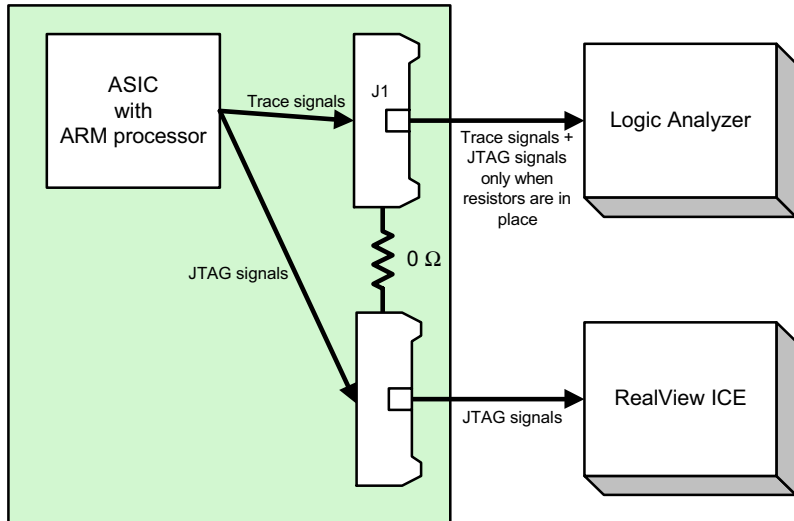
The logic analyzer ignores the JTAG signals. These signals must be routed to a second, JTAG-only header so that they are accessible to a JTAG controller such as ARM's RealView ICE. In addition, special consideration must be given to these signals so that the logic analyzer does not load them, such that they cannot be controlled by the JTAG controller.

See the ARM *RealView ICE User's Guide* for further information on the requirements for the JTAG signals. See the *Agilent Technologies E5346A 38-Pin Probe and E5351A 38-Pin Adapter Cable Installation Note* for information on how the probe loads the signals.

There are three possible ways to provide these signals to RealView ICE and at the same time, prevent the logic analyzer from interfering with their use.

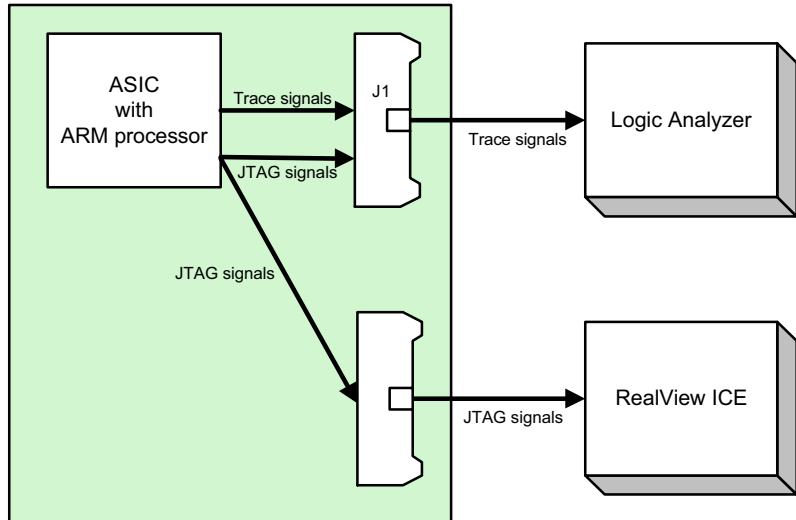
### Option 1: Chained connectors

Route the JTAG signals to two connectors on the board: first to a JTAG-only 2X10 berg connector, then to J1. Place zero-ohm resistors between the two connectors. Leave the zero-ohm resistors in place when using J1 with RealView Trace. Remove the resistors when using J1 with the logic analyzer.



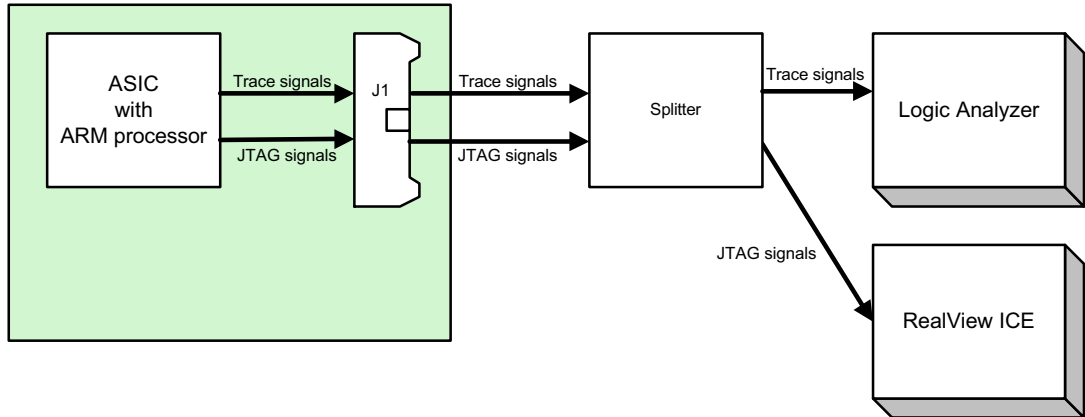
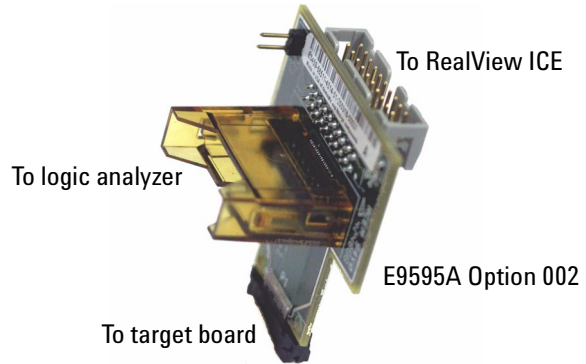
### Option 2: Independent connectors

Route the JTAG signals to two connectors. Provide 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up resistors on the signals (particularly nSRST) so that the logic analyzer does not pull these signals to ground.



### Option 3: Splitter board

Route the JTAG signals to one connector (J1) and use a splitter board such as Agilent product number E9595A Option 002 to provide the JTAG-only connector for RealView ICE.



## 2 Designing Your Board



# Index

## A

ARM11 connectors, 11  
ARM7/9 connectors, 14

## C

compilers, 6

## D

demultiplexed connector, 17

## E

E9595A, 23  
equipment required, 7

## H

headers, 10

## J

JTAG, 20

## L

logic analyzer cards  
number required, 7

## M

MICTOR connectors, 10  
multiplexed connector, 16

## N

normal connector, 14

## P

probes  
number required, 7  
processors supported, 5

## R

RealView Trace, 20

## S

splitter board, 23

